## § 960.102 Definitions.

- (a) Definitions found elsewhere:
- (1) General definitions. The following terms are defined in part 5, subpart A of this title: 1937 Act, drug, drug-related criminal activity, federally assisted housing, guest, household, HUD, MSA, premises, public housing, public housing agency (PHA), Section 8, violent criminal activity.
- (2) Definitions under the 1937 Act. The following terms are defined in part 5, subpart D of this title: annual contributions contract (ACC), applicant, elderly family, elderly person, extremely low income family, family, low income family, person with disabilities.
- (3) Definitions and explanations concerning income and rent. The following terms are defined or explained in part 5, subpart F of this title: Annual income (see § 5.609); economic self-sufficiency program, tenant rent, total tenant payment (see § 5.628), utility allowance.
- (b) Additional definitions. In addition to the definitions in paragraph (a), the following definitions and cross-references apply:

Ceiling rent. See § 960.253(d).

Designated housing. See part 945 of this chapter.

Disabled families. See §5.403 of this title.

Eligible families. Low income families who are eligible for admission to the public housing program.

Flat rent. See § 960.253(b).

Income-based rent. See §960.253(c).

Mixed population development. A public housing development, or portion of a development, that was reserved for elderly and disabled families at its inception (and has retained that character). If the development was not so reserved at its inception, the PHA has obtained HUD approval to give preference in tenant selection for all units in the development (or portion of development) to elderly families and disabled families. These developments were formerly known as elderly projects.

Over-income family. A family that is not a low income family. See subpart E of this part.

PHA plan. See part 903 of this chapter.

Residency preference. A preference for admission of persons who reside in a specified geographic area.

Tenant-based. See §982.1(b) of this chapter.

[65 FR 16724, Mar. 29, 2000, as amended at 66 FR 28799, May 24, 2001]

## § 960.103 Equal opportunity requirements and protection for victims of domestic violence.

- (a) Applicable requirements. The PHA must administer its public housing program in accordance with all applicable equal opportunity requirements imposed by contract or federal law, including the authorities cited in §5.105(a) of this title.
- (b) PHA duty to affirmatively further fair housing. The PHA must affirmatively further fair housing in the administration of its public housing program.
- (c) Equal opportunity certification. The PHA must submit signed equal opportunity certifications to HUD in accordance with §903.7(o) of this title, including certification that the PHA will affirmatively further fair housing.
- (d) Protection for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking. The PHA must apply 24 CFR part 5, subpart L in all applicable cases where there is involved or claimed to be involved incidents of, or criminal activity related to, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking.

[65 FR 16724, Mar. 29, 2000, as amended at 73 FR 72344, Nov. 28, 2008]

## Subpart B—Admission

SOURCE: 66 FR 28799, May 24, 2001, unless otherwise noted.

## § 960.200 Purpose.

- (a) This subpart states HUD eligibility and selection requirements for admission to public housing.
- (b) See also related HUD regulations in this title concerning these subjects:
- (1) 1937 Act definitions: part 5, subpart D:
- (2) Restrictions on assistance to noncitizens: part 5, subpart E;
- (3) Family income and family payment: part 5, subpart F;